

Product Name: Klea™ 125 Revision: GHS05 Date: 02/2020 Page: 1 of 7

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name Klea™ 125

Chemical Name Pentafluoroethane (HFC 125)

CAS No. 354-33-6 EC No. 206-557-8

REACH Registration No. 01-2119485636-25-0005

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Use(s) Subject to Member State regulations, applicable uses are: refrigerant.

Uses Advised Against Not known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Postal code

Company Identification Koura

Address of Manufacturer Mexichem UK Limited

The Heath Business and Technical Park

Runcorn Cheshire WA7 4QX

 Telephone:
 +44(0) 1928 518880

 E-mail
 info@kouraglobal.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone No. IN AN EMERGENCY DIAL 999 (UK Only)

For specialist advice in an emergency telephone +44(0) 1928 572000

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Low acute toxicity. High exposures may cause an abnormal heart rhythm and prove suddenly fatal. Very high atmospheric concentrations may cause anaesthetic effects and asphyxiation. Liquid splashes or spray may cause freeze burns to skin and eyes

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Press. Gas (Liq.) :Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

2.2 Label elements

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Product Name Klea™ 125

Hazard Pictogram(s)



GHS04

Signal Word(s) Warning

Hazard Statement(s) H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Precautionary Statement(s) P410+P403: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

2.4 Additional Information

None.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Alternative names Pentafluoroethane (HFC 125)

R 125

3.1 Substances

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT(S)	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	Hazard Pictogram(s) and Hazard Statement(s)
Pentafluoroethane (HFC 125)	100	354-33-6	206-557-8	GHS04 H280

3.2 Mixtures

Not applicable.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



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The first aid advice given for skin contact, eye contact, and ingestion is applicable following exposures to the liquid or spray. See Also Section 11

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Administer oxygen if necessary. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has ceased or shows signs of failing. In the event of cardiac arrest apply external cardiac massage. Obtain immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact

Thaw affected areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing. Caution: clothing may adhere to the skin in the case of freeze burns. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of warm water. If irritation or blistering occur obtain medical attention.

Eve Contact

Immediately irrigate with eyewash solution or clean water, holding the eyelids apart,

for at least 10 minutes. Obtain immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

Unlikely route of exposure. Do not induce vomiting. Provided the patient is

conscious, wash out mouth with water and give 200-300 ml (half a pint) of water to

drink. Obtain immediate medical attention.

Further Medical Treatment

Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as indicated. Adrenaline and similar sympathomimetic drugs should be avoided following exposure as cardiac arrhythmia may result with possible subsequent cardiac arrest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

High exposures may cause an abnormal heart rhythm and prove suddenly fatal. Very high atmospheric concentrations may cause anaesthetic effects and asphyxiation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Remove patient from exposure, keep warm and at rest. Administer oxygen if necessary. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has ceased or shows signs of failing. In the event of cardiac arrest apply external cardiac massage. Obtain immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable. Certain mixtures of HFCs and chlorine may be flammable or reactive under certain conditions.

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing media

As appropriate for surrounding fire.
Keep fire exposed containers cool by spraying with water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media None.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition will evolve very toxic and corrosive vapours (hydrogen

fluoride). Containers may burst if overheated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

A self contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in fire

conditions. See Also Section 8

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure suitable personal protection (including respiratory protection) during removal

of spillages. See Also Section 8

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent liquid from entering drains, sewers, basements and workpits since the

vapour may create an explosive or suffocating atmosphere.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Provided it is safe to do so, isolate the source of the leak. Allow small spillages to

evaporate provided there is adequate ventilation.

Large spillages: Ventilate area. Contain spillages with sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Prevent liquid from entering drains, sewers, basements and workpits since the vapour may create a suffocating atmosphere.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Also Section 8, 13.



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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid inhalation of high concentrations of vapours. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Atmospheric concentrations well below the occupational exposure limit can be achieved by good occupational hygiene practice. The vapour is heavier than air, high concentrations may be produced at low levels where general ventilation is poor, in such cases provide adequate ventilation or wear suitable respiratory protective equipment with positive air supply. Avoid contact with naked flames and hot surfaces as corrosive and very toxic decomposition products can be formed. Avoid contact between the liquid and skin and eyes.

Avoid venting to atmosphere.

The fluorinated greenhouse gas R 125 may be supplied in returnable containers (drums/cylinders). The container contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol. The fluorinated greenhouse gases in containers may not be vented to the atmosphere. Regulation (EU) No. 517/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council on certain fluorinated greenhouse gases.

Process Hazards Liquid refrigerant transfers between refrigerant containers and to and from systems

can result in static generation. Ensure adequate earthing. Certain mixtures of HFCs and chlorine may be flammable or reactive under certain conditions. Care must be taken to mitigate the risk of developing high pressures in systems caused by a temperature rise when liquid is trapped between closed valves or in cases where

containers have been overfilled.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a well ventilated place away from fire risk and avoid sources of heat such as electric or steam radiators. Avoid storing near to the intake of air conditioning units,

boiler units and open drains.

Storage temperature Avoid high temperatures. Storage life Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials finely divided metals, alkali metals (sodium, potassium), alkaline earth metals

(barium, magnesium), alloys containing more than 2% magnesium.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Subject to Member State regulations, applicable uses are: refrigerant.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA	LTEL (8 hr TWA	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
		ppm) `	mg/m³)	/	, ,	
Pentafluoroethane (HFC 125)	354-33-6	1000				COM

Source COM: The company aims to control exposure in its workplace to this limit.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.

Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).

Skin protection

Eye Protection

Wear thermal insulating gloves when handling liquefied gases.



Respiratory protection

In cases of insufficient ventilation, where exposure to high concentrations of vapour is possible, suitable respiratory protective equipment with positive air supply should

be used.



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Thermal hazards See above - Skin protection

8.2.3. Environmental Exposure Controls Prevent liquid from entering drains, sewers, basements and workpits since the

vapour may create an explosive or suffocating atmosphere.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquefied gas.
Colour: Colourless.
Odour Slight ethereal

Odour threshold No information available.

pH Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point -103°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range
Flash Point Not applicable.
Evaporation rate Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas) Non-flammable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive Not applicable.

limits

Vapour pressure 10340 mm Hg @ 25°C
Vapour Density (Air=1) 4.3 at normal boiling point
Density (g/ml) No information available.
Relative density 1.19 @ 25°C

Solubility(ies) Solubility (Water) : Insoluble.

Solubility (Other) : Alcohols, Chlorinated solvents.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1.48 @ 20°C

Auto-ignition temperature No information available. Decomposition Temperature (°C) No information available.

Viscosity Not applicable. Explosive properties Not explosive. Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information

None.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

See Section: Possibility of hazardous reactions

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Certain mixtures of HFCs and chlorine may be flammable or reactive under certain conditions. Incompatible materials: finely divided metals, magnesium and alloys containing more than 2% magnesium. Can react violently if in contact with alkali metals and alkaline earth metals - sodium, potassium, barium.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid high temperatures.

10.5 Incompatible materials

finely divided metals, alkali metals (sodium, potassium), alkaline earth metals

(barium, magnesium), alloys containing more than 2% magnesium.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

hydrogen fluoride by thermal decomposition and hydrolysis.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - Ingestion Highly unlikely - but should this occur freeze burns will result.

Acute toxicity - Skin Contact Unlikely to be hazardous by skin absorption.

Acute toxicity - Inhalation LC50 (rat) (4 hrs) > 800000 ppm (3928000 mg/m³)

High exposures may cause an abnormal heart rhythm and prove suddenly fatal. Very high atmospheric concentrations may cause anaesthetic effects and asphyxiation.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Liquid splashes or spray may cause freeze burns.
Serious eye damage/irritation
Liquid splashes or spray may cause freeze burns.

Germ cell mutagenicity No evidence of mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity It is unlikely to present a carcinogenic hazard to man.



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Reproductive toxicity Studies in animals have shown that exposures produce no teratogenic effects.

Lactation Not classified. STOT - single exposure Not classified. STOT - repeated exposure Not classified. Aspiration hazard Not applicable. 11.2 Other information

Respiratory irritation Non-irritant.

Repeated dose toxicity An inhalation study in animals has shown that repeated exposures produce no

significant effects (50000ppm in rats).

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

The product is predicted to have low toxicity to aquatic organisms.

Low toxicity to aquatic invertebrates. Toxicity - Aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity - Fish Low toxicity to fish. Toxicity - Algae Low toxicity to algae. Not classified. Toxicity - Sediment Compartment Not classified. Toxicity - Terrestrial Compartment

Environmental Fate and Distribution High tonnage material produced in wholly contained systems. High tonnage material

used in open systems. Gas.

12.2 Persistence and Degradation

Decomposed slowly in the lower atmosphere (troposphere). Atmospheric lifetime is 29 years. Does not influence photochemical smog (i.e. is not a VOC under the terms of the UNECE agreement). Does not deplete ozone. Has a Global Warming Potential (GWP) of 3500 (relative to a value of 1 for carbon dioxide at 100 years) according to Annex I of Regulation (EU) No. 517/2014 on certain fluorinated greenhouse gases. Values in Annex I are taken from the fourth assessment report (AR4) of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) reporting

GWP is 2800.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The product has no potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not applicable.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

None known.

Effect on Effluent Treatment

Discharges of the product will enter the atmosphere and will not result in long term

aqueous contamination.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Best to recover and recycle. If this is not possible, destruction is to be in an approved facility which is equipped to absorb and neutralise acid gases and other

toxic processing products.

13.2 Additional Information

Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

UN No.

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN proper shipping name

PENTAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 125) 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID

ADR/RID Class 22

IMDG IMDG Class 2.2 ICAO/IATA ICAO/IATA Class 2.2



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Labels



14.5 Environmental hazards

Not known.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Not applicable.

Marpol and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European Regulations

EC Classification According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Gases under pressure - liquefied gas

Special Restrictions: The fluorinated greenhouse gas R 125 may be supplied in returnable containers

(drums/cylinders). The container contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol. The fluorinated greenhouse gases in containers may not be

vented to the atmosphere.

Regulation (EU) No. 517/2014 of the European Parliament and the Council on

certain fluorinated greenhouse gases.

Directive 2006/40/EC of the European Parliament and the Council relating to emissions from air-conditioning systems in motor vehicles and amending Council

Directive 70/156/EC.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A REACH chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16

LEGEND

Hazard Statement(s) H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Acronyms ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of

substances and mixtures EC: European Community

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IBC : Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LTEL: Long term exposure limit

PBT : Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

UN: United Nations

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

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14.4 Packing group

Packing group

Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

Not classified as a Marine Pollutant.



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